# §Small-sized plug-in transducer§

### 2-output type

### Potentiometer transducer

### FWRT

### Application

Replaces mechanical displacement of an angle or a position with resistance value change of a potentiometer, inputs the resistance change, then insulates and converts it into a DC signal proportional to the change. Because this transducer can extract two insulated outputs, control and monitor can be done by a single unit. Up to 16 units can be housed in an installation base.

#### Feature

- 1. Compact and high withstand voltage.
- 2. Withstand voltage between input/output/auxiliary supply/outer case is AC2, 000V (50/60Hz) for 1 min..
- 3. Withstand voltage between outputs is AC500V (50/60Hz) for 1 min..
- 4. Compatible with resistance range  $100\Omega$ - $10k\Omega$  of a potentiometer.
- 5. Constant voltage/current output type. No need to adjust the product if it operates within load resistance range.
- 6. A LED can confirm status of electric power applied.



 $29.5 \times 76 \times 125$ mm/180g

## How to adjust

- (1) Please adjust 1st output ZERO VR/SPAN VR of front VR in accordance with the potentiometer you actually use. Hereat 1st and 2nd output are changing simultaneously. Variable range of 1st output ZERO VR/SPAN VR are as follows.

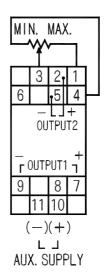
  (ZERO VR: 0-50% of nominal resistance value, SPAN VR: 50-100% of nominal resistance value)
- (2) 2nd output ZERO VR/SPAN VR of front are sensitivity difference (between 1st and 2nd output) adjusting VR. Ordinarily, there is no need to adjust it. Only use it when an adjustment is required Variable range of 2nd output ZERO VR/SPAN VR is adjustable within ±2%.

### Block Diagram

## 

Specified voltage circuit
Input amplifying circuit
Insulated power source circuit
Oscillating circuit
Pulse width modulation circuit
Photo coupler insulation
Reference voltage
Pulse width demodulation circuit
Output circuit
Potentiometer

## Connection diagram (socket)

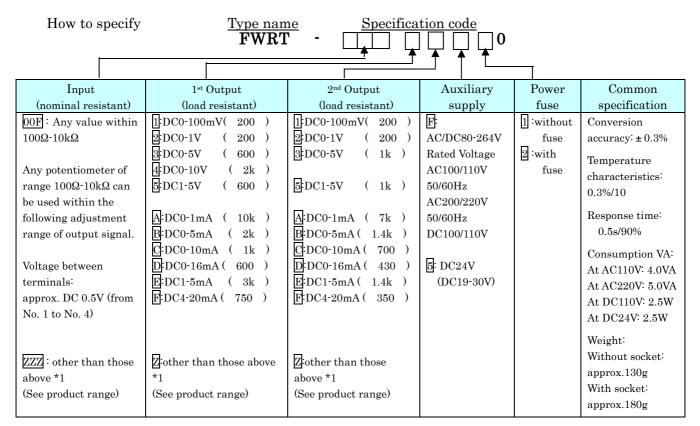


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## Specification



<sup>\*1</sup> Consult with us for specification other than those indicated in the table above.

#### Product Range (including special handling)

Input	1 <sup>st</sup> Output	$2^{ m nd}$ Output
Nominal resistance value: $50\Omega$ - $10$ k $\Omega$	Current output: -5mA-20mA	Current output: -5mA-20mA
	Voltage output: -10V-10V	Voltage output: -10V-10V

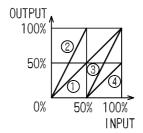
Input: Nominal resistance value  $50-99.99\Omega$  is subject to special handling. (Conversion accuracy  $\pm 0.3\%$ )

Output: Plus/minus output is subject to special handling.

2nd output: output between 5.1V and 10V is subject to special handling. (Load current 2mA)

#### Adjustment range of output signal

Input form ZERO adjustment range: 0-50% of nominal resistance value (can be changed from the front of converter) SPAN adjustment range: 50-100% of nominal resistance value (can be changed from the front of converter)



ZERO.....0%, SPAN.....100% Standard
ZERO.....0%, SPAN.....50%
ZERO.....50%, SPAN.....50% (parallel shift of ZERO.....50%, SPAN.....100% (parallel shift of )

•Because this device is potential-free type, factory preset input is  $0-10k\Omega$ ; factory preset output is indicated in graph 1 above (standard)

<sup>\*</sup> Output value can be adjusted to zero against any input value between 0-50%.